RECOMMENDED TURFGRASS CULTIVARS FOR CERTIFIED SOD PRODUCTION AND SEED MIXTURES IN MARYLAND



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Numerous new turfgrass cultivars continue to be developed and released by turfgrass breeders. However, while many of these cultivars are adapted to the environmental conditions that prevail in other regions of the country, many are not adapted to the difficult environmental conditions that occur in the transition zone, which includes Maryland and Virginia. Thus, to identify cultivars that will perform well in this region, extensive cultivar trials are evaluated each year at the University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University.



The cultivar performance data obtained at various locations in Maryland and Virginia are reviewed annually in a joint meeting of university researchers and

representatives of the Departments of Agriculture of both states. The use of recommended cultivars usually results in a turfgrass stand of higher quality and density, greater stress tolerance, lower nutrient requirements, less water usage, and fewer pest problems. Also, the use of recommended cultivars generally has the benefits of a reduction in the need for pesticide applications, greater water infiltration, reduced water runoff, and the enhancement of the environmental benefits of properly managed turfgrass.

There has been extensive interest in recent years regarding turfgrass species that have reduced nutrient requirements, especially nitrogen. The two recommended turfgrass species with the lowest nitrogen requirements are the fine fescues and zoysiagrass, while turf-type tall fescue and bermudagrass have intermediate requirements. Although Kentucky bluegrass generally has the highest nitrogen requirements, research is currently ongoing to identify Kentucky bluegrass cultivars that provide fair quality under reduced nitrogen fertility and other maintenance inputs.

The following lists of recommended cultivars consist of two groups. "Proven" cultivars represent those that have been performing well in trials in both states over multiple years, and have had certified seed tested by the MD and/or VA Departments of Agriculture. "Promising" cultivars, listed in *green italics*, have shown good performance, but have only been tested in Maryland or Virginia for 2 years or may be difficult to find due to limited seed availability.

CULTIVAR NOTATIONS

Cultivars followed by a numerical notation may be removed from these lists in future years for the following reasons:

Cultivar¹ - May be removed from the list due to declining field performance relative to other cultivars

Cultivar² – may be removed from the list due to declining seed quality

Cultivar³ – may be removed from the list because certified seed has not been tested recently by either the Maryland or Virginia seed testing labs.

Cultivar⁴ - may be removed from the list due to the lack of current testing data relative to other cultivars. The cultivar will be removed from the list if it is not included in the next available cultivar trial.

KEY POINTS

Recommended cultivars have been evaluated for performance in Maryland and Virginia.

Maryland Certified Sod must contain only recommended cultivars.

Recommended cultivars generally provide better quality turf, improved ground cover, and reduced runoff.

The use of recommended cultivars reduces many pest and management problems.

Recommended cultivars often have lower fertilizer and water needs, and the need for pesticide applications should be greatly reduced.

The use of recommended cultivars enhance the environmental benefits of turfgrass.

Maryland Certified Sod Program

The Maryland certified sod program is administered by the Maryland Department of Agriculture. Rather than naming individual cultivars, many specifications require that Maryland certified sod of a particular turfgrass species or mixture be used. Requiring certified sod in specifications guarantees that the sod will contain cultivars that are currently recommended by researchers in Maryland and Virginia, will have been seeded in recommended percentages, and will be of high quality with minimal pest problems. Listed below are the cultivar recommendations for Kentucky bluegrass, turf-type tall fescue, zoysiagrass, and bermudagrass certified sod.

Turf-Type Tall Fescue Sod

The following proven and promising turf-type tall fescue cultivars may be seeded individually or in blends, and may be mixed with Kentucky bluegrass (see note below for percentages). Addition of Kentucky bluegrass in the recommended percentages may improve sod strength as well as improving overall performance and quality without increasing management inputs.

Proven Turf-type Tall Fescue Cultivars

Annapolis	Houndog 8	Saltillo
Avenger II	Inferno ³	Screamer LS
Blacktail	Integrity	Speedway ⁴
Bladerunner II ⁴	Justice	Spyder LS
Bullseye	Leonardo	SR 8650 ⁴
Catalyst	Maestro	Sunset Gold
Embrace	Michelangelo	Super Sonic
Falcon V	Mustang 4	Technique
Fantasia	Penn RK4	Temple
Fayette	Raptor III	Thor
Firebird 2	Rebel IV	Titanium 2LS
Firecracker SLS	Rebel V	Trinity
Gazelle II	Rebounder	Turbo
Gold Medallion	Reflection	Xtender
GTO	Regenerate	Xtremegreen ³
Guardian 41 ⁴	Rendition Rx	
Hemi	Rockwell	
Hot Rod	Rowdy	

Promising Turf-type Tall Fescue Cultivars

Amity	4 th Millenium SRP	Rhambler 2 SRP
AST 7003	Foxhound	Rhizing Moon
AST 9003	Grande 3	Standout
Birmingham	Hover	Swagger
Bloodhound	Kingdom	Terrano
Caesar	Lifeguard	Traverse 2 SRP
Crossfire 4	Meridan	Trending
Diablo	Moondance	Turfway
Doubletake	Nightcrawler	Valkyrie LS
Fesnova	Paramount	Vert
Firewall	Pro Gold	Wichita

Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Recommended for Mixing with Tall Fescue Sod

Wildhorse^{1,} Ridgeline^{1,} and Volt¹ Kentucky bluegrass and all recommended Kentucky bluegrass cultivars can be mixed with turf-type tall fescue to enhance sod strength during harvesting. A maximum of 10% Kentucky bluegrass by weight may be included with tall fescue, although 5% Kentucky bluegrass is generally recommended.

Kentucky Bluegrass Sod

- A minimum of 3 proven and promising Kentucky bluegrass cultivars must be chosen
- Each cultivar must range from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the blend's weight.
- No more than 35% of the blend may be comprised of promising cultivars.

Cultivar evaluation trials identify disease-prone cultivars





Leaf spot of Kentucky Bluegrass

Summer Patch of Kentucky Bluegrass

Proven Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars

Aries	Bolt ⁴	Legend ⁴
Bluebank	Endurance⁴	Midnight
Blue Coat ⁴	Full Back	Noble
Blue Note	Hampton	Skye

Promising Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars

Apollo H ₂ O	Deja Blue	Shannon
Barserati	Delta Blue	Sombrero
Barvette	Keenland	SPF30
Conquistador	Mercury	Tejas
Crest	Mystere H2O	

Bermudagrass Sod

Six vegetatively (v) reproduced cultivars are currently recommended for use in Maryland for certified sod production. These can only be obtained as sod, plugs, or sprigs. Three cultivars that can also be seeded (s) are recommended as well. A prime characteristic in evaluating bermudagrass for use in Maryland is winter hardiness (cold tolerance). Cultivars listed have improved winter hardiness, but may exhibit some damage in extreme years, particularly under low mowing heights or if the bermudagrass was established late in the growing season. Thirty-five bermudagrass cultivars are currently being evaluated at the University of Maryland in the 2013 National Turfgrass Evaluation Program bermudagrass trial.

Proven Bermudagrass Cultivars

Latitude 36 (v)	Patriot (v)	Riviera ³ (s)
Northbridge (v)	Premier (v)	Yukon ³ (s)

Promising Bermudagrass Cultivars

Monaco (s)	Tahoma 31 (v)	Tiftuff (v)
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Bermudagrass winter hardiness is a major consideration for cultivar recommendations. Many non-recommended cultivars may periodically winterkill as shown in this bermudagrass cultivar trial.

Zoysiagrass Sod

Only three zoysiagrass cultivars are currently recommended in Maryland for certified sod production due to potential winter hardiness problems or due to a lack of availability of other cultivars. The group listed as vegetative (v) cultivars can only be obtained as sod, plugs, or sprigs. Zenith may be obtained as seed (s) as well as in vegetative forms. Thirty-five zoysiagrass cultivars are currently being evaluated at the University of Maryland in the 2013 National Turfgrass Evaluation Program zoysiagrass trial.

Meyer (v) Zenith (s)	Zeon (v)	
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Recommended Seeding Blends and Mixtures for Cool Season Turfgrass Species

The following seed blends and mixtures are those recommended for the large majority of sites in Maryland. Seed mixtures other than those recommended in this publication may be appropriate for the specific conditions or use at a particular site, but should be checked by a turfgrass specialist. The percentages (%) recommended for seed mixtures are on a seed weight basis. For example, when mixing 6.0 pounds of a 95% tall fescue – 5% Kentucky bluegrass mixture, 5.7 pounds of tall fescue seed and 0.3 pounds of Kentucky bluegrass seed should be used for the mixture.

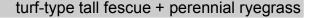
Medium Maintenance Turf - Full Sun to Moderate Shade (For use in full sun to moderately shady areas and for turf that will tolerate a wider range of management inputs, with infrequent or no irrigation). Turf-type tall fescue is the most commonly recommended species for home-lawns, institutional grounds, and general use areas. They are also extensively used for general-purpose athletic fields and in golf course roughs.

Turf-type Tall Fescue (90-100%) and Kentucky Bluegrass (0-10%). A single cultivar or a blend of turf-type tall fescue cultivars may be used, and may be mixed with up to 10% of a recommended Kentucky bluegrass, although a maximum of 5% is generally preferred. The addition of Kentucky bluegrass to turf-type tall fescue generally results in an excellent turf without increasing needed management inputs.

Recommended Tall Fescue Cultivars: Same as the cultivars recommended for certified sod production (page 2).

Recommended Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars: Same as the cultivars recommended for certified sod production (page 3).

turf-type tall fescue







The effect of the mixing of perennial ryegrass with turf-type tall fescue on red thread disease. Perennial ryegrass should generally not be mixed with turf-type tall fescue due to increased disease problems.

High Maintenance Turf - Full Sun (For use in full sun areas that will receive irrigation and more intensive management).

Kentucky Bluegrass (85-100%) and Perennial Ryegrass (0-15%). Due to the high maintenance requirements usually needed to successfully maintain most Kentucky bluegrasses in Maryland, it is primarily for use on showcase sites, for stadium athletic fields, and for low cut rough areas on golf courses. A minimum of 3 bluegrass cultivars should be selected, with each ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.

No more than 15% perennial ryegrass should be used in a mixture with Kentucky bluegrass, as the perennial ryegrass will predominate if seeded at a higher rate. Although perennial ryegrass is generally not recommended for mixing with Kentucky bluegrass due to the susceptibility of perennial ryegrass to numerous disease problems, its inclusion may be warranted with Kentucky bluegrass where erosion may be a significant problem during establishment. Perennial ryegrass germinates and becomes established much more quickly than Kentucky bluegrass.

Proven Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars

Aries	Bolt ⁴	Legend⁴
Bluebank	Endurance⁴	Midnight
Blue Coat ⁴	Full Back	Noble
Blue Note	Hampton	Skye

Promising Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars

Apollo H₂O	Deja Blue	Shannon
Barserati	Delta Blue	Sombrero
Barvette	Keenland	SPF30
Conquistador	Mercury	Tejas
Crest	Mystere H2O	

Proven Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars

Apple GL ³	Fiesta 4 ¹	Line Drive GLS
Apple SGL	Grandslam GLD	Soprano
Banfield	Homerun	Stellar 3GL
Benchmark	Karma	

Promising Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars

Aspire	Infusion	Stamina
Bandalore	Integra Supreme	Thrive
Diligent	Jetfire	Transglobal
Greenland	Soprano II	

Low Maintenance Turf – Full Sun or Shade (For use on sites that will receive minimal management, including no irrigation and low fertility).

Fine Fescue (100%). The fine fescues include creeping red fescue, chewings fescue, hard fescue, hard-blue fescue, and sheep fescue. The hard fescues are particularly good for low maintenances sites in Maryland. Creeping red fescues should be considered only for shady sites and not for sunny, low maintenance sites. The fine fescues do not have good wear tolerance and should not be mowed when weather conditions are hot and/or dry.

One or more recommended fine fescue can be selected. However, neither mixing fine fescue species nor blending cultivars has been studied extensively in MD or VA for compatibility. Limited research doesn't indicate an advantage to either.

Key to table, below: (C) = Chewings Fescue

(H) = Hard Fescue

(R) = Creeping Red Fescue

Proven Fine Fescue Cultivars

Beacon (H)	Minimus (H)	Sword (H)
Jetty (H)	Radar (C)	

Promising Fine Fescue Cultivars

Compass II (C)	Resolute (H)
Gladiator (H)	Seamist (R)

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